AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

The members of the Audit Committee shall be appointed by the Board of Directors to assist the Board in monitoring (1) the integrity of the Company's financial reporting process including its internal controls regarding financial reporting, (2) the compliance by the Company with legal and regulatory requirements, (3) the independence and performance of the Company's internal and external auditors and (4) provide an avenue of communication among the independent auditors, management, the internal auditing department and the Board of Directors.

The number of members of the Audit Committee and their independence and experience requirements shall meet NASD requirements.

The Audit Committee shall have the authority to retain special legal, accounting or other consultants to advise the Committee. The Audit Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel or independent auditor to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any members of, or consultants to, the Committee.

The Audit Committee shall make regular reports to the Board.

The Audit Committee shall:

- Review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and submit it to the Board for approval.
- 2. Review the annual audited financial statements with management, including major issues regarding accounting and auditing principles and practices as well as the adequacy of internal controls that could significantly affect the Company's financial statements.
- 3. Review an analysis prepared by management and the independent auditor of significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements.
- 4. In consultation with management, the independent auditors, and the internal auditors, consider the integrity of the Company's financial reporting processes and controls.
- 5. Review with management and the independent auditor the Company's quarterly financial statements prior to the release of quarterly earnings.

- Meet with management to review the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures.
- 7. Review major changes to the Company's accounting principles and practices taking into consideration the views of the independent auditor, internal auditors or management.
- 8. Recommend to the Board the appointment of the independent auditor.
- 9. Approve the fees to be paid to the independent auditor.
- 10. Receive periodic reports from the independent auditor regarding the auditor's independence, discuss such reports with the auditor, and if so determined by the Audit Committee, recommend that the Board take appropriate action to assure the independence of the auditor.
- 11. Evaluate the performance of the independent auditor and, if so determined by the Audit Committee, recommend that the Board replace the independent auditor.
- 12. Review the appointment and replacement of the senior internal auditing executive.
- 13. Review the significant reports to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management's responses.
- 14. Meet with the independent auditor prior to the audit to review the planning and staffing of the audit.
- 15. Obtain from the independent auditor an understanding of whether there are any indications that Section 10A of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 is applicable and consult counsel if necessary.
- 16. Obtain reports from management, the Company's senior internal auditing executive and the independent auditor that the Company's subsidiary/foreign affiliated entities are in conformity with applicable legal requirements and the Company's Code of Conduct.
- 17. Discuss with the independent auditor the matters required to be discussed by Statement on Auditing Standards No. 61 relating to the conduct of the audit.

- 18. Review with the independent auditor any problems or difficulties the auditor may have encountered and any management letter provided by the auditor and the Company's response to that letter. Such review should include a discussion of any difficulties encountered in the course of the audit work, including any restrictions on the scope of activities or access to required information.
- 19. Prepare the report required by the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.
- 20. Advise the Board with respect to the Company's policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations and with the Company's Code of Conduct.
- 21. Review with the Company's General Counsel legal matters that may have a material impact on the financial statements, the Company's compliance policies and any material reports or inquiries received from regulators or governmental agencies.
- 22. Meet at least annually with the chief financial officer, the senior internal auditing executive and the independent auditor in separate executive sessions.
- 23. Establish, review, and update periodically a Code of Ethical Conduct and ensure that management has established a system to enforce the code.
- 24. Annually review policies and procedures as well as internal audit results associated with directors' and officers expense accounts and perquisites.
- 25. Annually review director and officer related party transactions and potential conflicts of interest.
- 26. Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter, as the Committee or Board deems necessary or appropriate.

While the Audit Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Audit Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements are complete and accurate and are in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; this is the responsibility of management and upon completion of the audit by the independent auditor, subject to their findings, they render their report on the financial statements. Nor is it the duty of the Audit Committee to conduct investigations, to resolve disagreements, if any, between management and the independent auditor or to assure compliance with laws and regulations and the Company's Code of Conduct; this is the responsibility of the Board.